

### Clean one-touch fittings For blowing



### Recommended applicable tubing

Tubing material	Polyolefin: Series TPH Soft polyolefin: Series TPS					
Tubing O.D.	ø4, ø6, ø8, ø10, ø12					

Note 1) Polyurethane tubing Series TU, Nylon tubing Series T, and Soft nylon tubing Series TS can also be used. However, the degree of cleanliness will decline.

Note 2) Due to the softness of polyurethane tubing, it may fold when being inserted.

Hold the end of the tubing and insert it all the way in. Refer to "Installation and Removal of Tubing".

### **Specifications**

Particle generation grade	Grade 1 (Refer to front matter pages 13 to 22 for details.)					
Fluid	Air, Nitrogen gas, Water (Pure water) Note 1)					
Maximum operating pressure (20°C)	1 MPa Note 2)					
Operating vacuum pressure	-100 kPa					
Proof pressure (20°C)	3 MPa					
Ambient and fluid temperature	−20°C to 80°C					
Threads	JIS B0203 (Taper thread for piping)					

Note 1) Consult SMC regarding other fluids.

Note 2) The maximum operating pressure is the value at 20°C. Refer to the operating pressure curve for other temperatures.

### **Principal parts material**

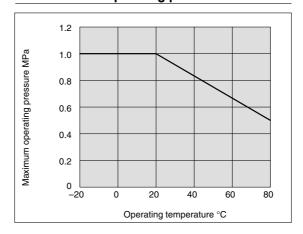
Body	Polypropylene resin					
Stud	Polypropylene resin					
Chuck	Stainless steel 304					
Guide, Stopper, Drive bushing	Stainless steel 304					
Collet, Release button	Polypropylene resin					
Seal, O-ring, Bumper	EPDM					

# **⚠** Caution

Series KP is a line of special one-touch fittings for use in **clean room blowing** and **washing lines**. Please consult with SMC regarding other types of applications.

Seal material: The durability of EPDM with respect to mineral oils is inferior, which makes it unsuitable for piping in general pneumatic equipment.

# Relationship between operating temperature and maximum operating pressure



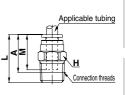


### **Dimensions**

### Male connector: KPH



Applicable tubing	Connection thread R	Model	H (width	L	A *	М	Effectiv (mi		Weight (g)
O.D. (mm)	uneau ii		across flats)				TPH	TPS	(9)
4	1/8	KPH04-01	12	25.4	21.5	18	4	4	3
4	1/4	KPH04-02		25.4	19.5	10	4	4	4
6	1/8	KPH06-01	14	25.9	22	19.5	10	10	4
0	1/4	KPH06-02		26.4	20.5	19.5	10	10	5
8	1/8	KPH08-01	- 17	32.3	28.5	21.5	26	18	6
ō	1/4	KPH08-02		30.3	24.5				7
10	1/4	KPH10-02	19	37.5	32	0.4	44	00	10
10	3/8	KPH10-03	19	33	27	24	41	29	11
12	3/8	KPH12-03	22	34	28	05		40	12
	1/2	KPH12-04	22	34.5	27	25	58	46	13

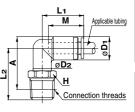


<sup>\*</sup> Reference dimension for R threads after installation

#### Male elbow: KPL



Applicable tubing	Connection thread R	Model	<b>H</b> (width	ØD1 Note 1)	ø <b>D</b> 2	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	<b>A</b> *	м	Effectiv (mi	re area m²)	weight	
O.D.(mm)	IIIIeau n		across flats)							TPH	TPS	(g)	
4	1/8	KPL04-01	12	10.4		20.7	23.2	24.5	18	3.5	3.5	4	
	1/4	KPL04-02	14	10.4	10	20.7	27.2	26.5	10	3.5	3.5	5	
6	1/8	KPL06-01	12	12.8	10	22.8	24.4	27	19.5	9	9	5	I
O	1/4	KPL06-02		12.0		22.0	28.4	29	19.5	9	9	6	Ī.
8	1/8	KPL08-01	14	15.2	12	26.3	26.6	30	21.5	22	15	8	~
0	1/4	KPL08-02		15.2	12	20.3	29.4	31.5	21.5	22	15	9	-
10	1/4	KPL10-02		10.5		00.4	32.1	35.5	0.4	0.5	25	13	Į
10	3/8	KPL10-03	17	18.5	17	29.4	33.1	36.5	24	35	25	14	1
-10	3/8	KPL12-03	] '/	00.0		04.4	34.3	38.5	05		40	15	
12	1/2	KPL12-04		20.9	22	31.4	38.3	41.5	25	50	40	18	

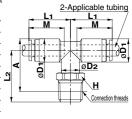


\* Reference dimension for R threads after installation Note 1) øD1 indicates the maximum diameter.

### Male branch tee: KPT



Applicable tubing	Connection thread R	Model	<b>H</b> (width	Ø <b>D</b> 1 Note 1)	ø <b>D</b> 2	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	<b>A</b> *	М		/e area m²)	Weight (g)	
O.D. (mm)	IIIIeau n		across flats)							TPH	TPS	(9)	
4	1/8	KPT04-01	12	10.4		20.7	23.2	24.5	18	4.1	4.1	6	
4	1/4	KPT04-02	14	10.4	10	20.7	27.2	26.5	10	4.1	4.1	7	
6	1/8	KPT06-01	12	100	10	22.8	24.4	27	19.5	11	11	8	1
O	1/4	KPT06-02		12.8	12.0	22.0	28.4	29	19.5	11	''	9	Ī
	1/8	KPT08-01	14	15.0	10	00.0	26.6	30	01.5	00.0	10.0	12	Ŋ
8	1/4	KPT08-02		15.2	12	26.3	29.4	31.5	21.5	26.3	18.2	13	-
-10	1/4	KPT10-02		40.5		00.4	32.1	35.5	0.4	40.0	00	20	ļ
10	3/8	KPT10-03	1-	18.5	17	29.4	33.1	36.5	24	40.8	29	21	1
	3/8	KPT12-03	17	00.0		04.4	34.3	38.5	05	o	45.0	24	
12	1/2	KPT12-04		20.9	22	31.4	38.3	41.5	25	57.2	45.2	27	

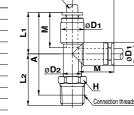


\* Reference dimension for R threads after installation Note 1) øD1 indicates the maximum diameter.

#### Male run tee: KPY



Applicable tubing O.D. (mm)		Model	H (width across flats)	ØD1 Note 1)	ø <b>D</b> 2	L1	L2	A *	М	Effectiv (mi	re area m²) TPS	Weight (g)	t 2-Appli	cable	tubing
4	1/8	KPY04-01	12	10.4		20.7	23.2	40	18	7.5	7.5	6			1 5
4	1/4	KPY04-02	14	10.4	10	20.7	27.2	42	10	7.5	7.5	7	_	2	s
6	1/8	KPY06-01	12	10.0	10	22.8	24.4	43	19.5	11	11	8		-	• I
0	1/4	KPY06-02		12.8	22.0	28.4	45.5	19.5	11	11	9	,	,	4	
8	1/8	KPY08-01	14	1.0	12	26.3	26.6	49	01.5	01	0.1	12	4	A	
ō	1/4	KPY08-02		15.2	12	26.3	29.4	50	21.5	21	21	13	•		øD2
10	1/4	KPY10-02		40.5		00.4	32.1	56	0.4	45	45	19			Q
10	3/8	KPY10-03	17	18.5	17	29.4	33.1	56.5	24	57	52	20		L Ł	
-10	3/8	KPY12-03	] 1/	00.0		04.4	34.3	59.5	05	<b>-7</b>	<b>-</b> 7	21	Ţ		ŧ
12	1/2	KPY12-04		20.9	22	31.4	38.3	62.5	25	57	57	24			



\* Reference dimension for R threads after installation Note 1) ØD1 indicates the maximum diameter.

### Male branch "Y": KPU



Applicable tubing O.D. (mm)	Connection thread R	Model	H (width across flats)	Ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L	Р	<b>A</b> *	м		/e area m²) TPS	Weight (g)
4	1/8	KPU04-01	12	10.4	45.4	10.4	41.5	18	7.5	7.5	7
4	1/4	KPU04-02			49.4	10.4	43.5	10	7.5	7.5	8
6	1/8	KPU06-01	14	12.8	49.6	12.8	45.5	19.5	18	18	9
O	1/4	KPU06-02		12.0	52.4	12.0	46.5	19.5	10	10	10
8	1/8	KPU08-01	17	15.0	56.7	15.0	52.5	04.5	26	26	15
0	1/4	KPU08-02	10	15.2	61.3	15.2	55.5	21.5	45	35	17
-10	1/4	KPU10-02	19	10.5	64.5	10.5	59	0.4	45	45	23
10	3/8	KPU10-03		18.5	67.5	18.5	61.5	24	70	55	25
-10	3/8	KPU12-03	22	00.0	69.7	00.0	63.5	0.5	70	70	29
12	1/2	KPU12-04		20.9	72.7	20.9	65.5	25	100	90	30

\* Reference dimension for R threads after installation Note 1) øD indicates the maximum diameter.

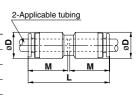
2-Applicable tubing

### **Dimensions**

### Straight union: KPH



Applicable tubing	Model	Ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L	М		ve area ım²)	Weight (g)	
O.D. (mm)					TPH	TPS		
4	KPH04-00	10.4	37.4	18	4	4	4	_ {
6	KPH06-00	12.8	39.6	19.5	10	10	6	
8	KPH08-00	15.2	44.4	21.5	26	18	10	_
10	KPH10-00	18.5	48.6	24	41	29	15	_
12	KPH12-00	20.9	50.6	25	58	46	18	_
				Note 1) ø	D indicates	the maximu	ım diamete	er.



**Elbow: KPL** 



**Union tee: KPT** 

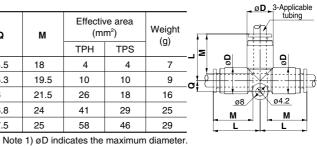
Applicable tubing	Model	ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L	Q	М		ve area m²)	Weight (g)
O.D. (mm)						TPH	TPS	(9)
4	KPL04-00	10.4	20.7	4.5	18	3.5	3.5	3
6	KPL06-00	12.8	22.8	5.3	19.5	9	9	7
8	KPL08-00	15.2	26.3	6	21.5	22	15	11
10	KPL10-00	18.5	29.4	6.8	24	35	25	16
12	KPL12-00	20.9	31.4	7.5	25	50	40	20

2-Applicable tubing

Note 1) øD indicates the maximum diameter.



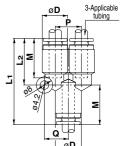
Applicable tubing	Model	ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L	Q	М		ve area m²)	Weight (g)
O.D. (mm)						TPH	TPS	(3)
4	KPT04-00	10.4	20.7	4.5	18	4	4	7
6	KPT06-00	12.8	22.8	5.3	19.5	10	10	9
8	KPT08-00	15.2	26.3	6	21.5	26	18	16
10	KPT10-00	18.5	29.4	6.8	24	41	29	25
12	KPT12-00	20.9	31.4	7.5	25	58	46	29



Union "Y": KPU



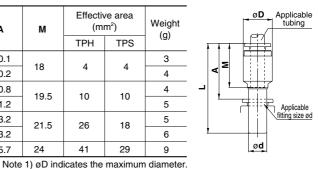
Applicable tubing	Model	ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L1	L2	P	Q	М		Effective area (mm²)	
O.D. (mm)								TPH	TPS	(g)
4	KPU04-00	10.4	38.8	20.6	10.4	9.7	18	4	4	7
6	KPU06-00	12.8	42.1	22.8	12.8	11.7	19.5	10	10	10
8	KPU08-00	15.2	48.7	27.5	15.2	13.7	21.5	26	18	17
10	KPU10-00	18.5	54	30.7	18.5	16.1	24	41	29	26
12	KPU12-00	20.9	57.2	32.9	20.9	18.1	25	58	46	32



Note 1) øD indicates the maximum diameter.



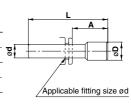
Applicable tubing O.D. (mm)	fitting size ad	Model	Ø <b>D</b> Note 1)	L	A	М	Effective area (mm²)		Weight (g)
							TPH	TPS	(9)
4	6	KPR04-06	10.4	39.4	20.1	18	4	4	3
	8	KPR04-08		41.9	20.2				4
6		KPR06-08	12.8	42.5	20.8	19.5	10	10	4
	10	KPR06-10		45	21.2				5
8		KPR08-10	15.2	47	23.2	21.5	26	18	5
	12	KPR08-12		48	23.2				6
10		KPR10-12	18.5	50.5	25.7	24	41	29	9



Plug: KPP



Applicable fitting size ød	Model	øD	L	Α	Weight (g)
4	KPP-04	6	32	13.8	0.4
6	KPP-06	8	35	15.7	0.7
8	KPP-08	10	39	17.3	1.1
10	KPP-10	12	43	19.2	1.7
12	KPP-12	14	45.5	20.7	2.5







# Specific product precautions 1

Be sure to read before handling.

#### Installation of threads

## **⚠** Caution

Be sure to wrap sealing tape around the taper threads for resin

If used without sealing tape air leakage can occur.

- 1. Series KP (with resin thread)
  - 1) Wrapping of pipe tape

Wrap the pipe tape 2 to 3 times around the threads, leaving 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.

After tightening by hand, tighten an additional 2 to 3 turns using a tightening tool.

2. Tightening tools

Tighten with an appropriate wrench using the hexagon wrench flats on the body.

Position the wrench on the base as close as possible to the threads. If the size of the wrench is not suitable for the hexagon wrench flats, the wrench flats may be crushed.

### Installation and removal of tubing

# **∧** Caution

- 1. Installation of tubing
  - 1) Using tube cutters TK-1, 2 or 3, take a tube having no flaws on its periphery and cut it off at a right angle.

Do not use pinchers, nippers or scissors, etc. The tubing might be cut diagonally or flattened, making installation impossible or causing problems such as disconnection and leakage.

- 2) Hold the tube and push it in slowly, inserting it securely all the way into the fitting.
- 3) After inserting the tubing, pull on it lightly to confirm that it will not come out.

If it is not installed securely all the way into the fitting, problems such as leakage or disconnection of the tubing can occur.

4) Grease is not used due to the Series KP oil-free specifications. For this reason, greater insertion force is required when tubing is installed. In particular, polyurethane tubing may fold when inserted due to its softness. Hold the end of the tubing, and insert it all the way in slowly and securely. Refer to dimension "M" in the dimension drawings for guidance on the insertion depth of tubing.

Tubing size	Tubing insertion length (mm)
ø4	18
ø6	19.5
ø8	21.5
ø10	24
ø12	25

### Installation and removal of tubing

- 2. Removal of tubing
  - 1) Push in the release button sufficiently, pressing the collar evenly around its circumference.
  - 2) Pull out the tubing while holding down the release button so that it does not pop out.

If the release button is not pressed down sufficiently, there will be increased bite on the tubing and it will become more difficult to pull it out.

3) When the removed tubing is to be used again, first cut off the section of the tubing which has been chewed.

Using the chewed portion of the tube as it is can cause problems such as leakage or difficulty in removing the tubing.

### **Operating environment**

## **⚠** Caution

Series KP/TP are special one-touch fittings for use on clean blowing and washing lines. Please consult with SMC regarding other types of applications.

Seal and tubing materials: The durability of EPDM and polyolefin with respect to mineral oils is inferior, making them unsuitable for piping in general pneumatic equipment.

Use Series KPQ, KPG, T, TS, and TU for piping to general pneumatic equipment.

#### **Maintenance**

## **♠ Caution**

1. Tightening of blow fittings (resin taper threads for piping) Since Series KP taper threads are made of resin, minute leakage may gradually occur due to stress relaxation. Perform periodic inspections, and if leakage is detected correct the problem by further tightening. If additional tightening becomes ineffective, replace the fitting with a new product.

### Precaution on use of other tubing brands

## **Caution**

- 1. When using tubing brands other than SMC, confirm that the tubing outside diameter tolerances satisfy the following specifications.
  - 1) Polyolefin tubing Within ±0.1 mm
  - 2) Polyurethane tubing Within ±0.15 mm

Within -0.2 mm

3) Nylon tubing Within ±0.1 mm Within ±0.1 mm 4) Soft nylon tubing

Do not use tubing if the outside diameter tolerance is not satisfied. It may not be possible to connect the tubing, or leakage or disconnection may occur after connection.

Polyolefin tubing is recommended for use with clean room fittings. Note that while other types of tubing will satisfy performance standards for leakage and tubing pull-out strength, etc., the degree of cleanliness will deteriorate.





# Specific product precautions 2

Be sure to read before handling.

#### **Operating environment**

# **∕** Warning

- 1. Do not use in environments or locations where there is a danger of damage to fittings and tubing.
  - For fitting and tubing materials, refer to specifications and construction drawings, etc.
- 2. Provide shade in locations which receive direct sunlight.
- 3. Do not operate in locations where vibration or impact occurs. Since this can cause leakage and fitting damage, etc., please contact SMC regarding use in this kind of environment.
- 4. Provide shielding in locations near heat sources. When there are heat sources in the surrounding area, the product's temperature may rise due to radiated heat and exceed its operating temperature range. Block off the heat with a cover, etc.
- 5. Do not use in locations where static electric charges will be a problem. Please consult with SMC regarding use in this kind of environment.
- 6. Do not use in locations where spatter occurs. There is a danger of spatter causing a fire. Please consult with SMC regarding use in this kind of environment.

## **∕**!∖ Caution

1. Series KP are special one-touch fittings for use on clean blowing and washing lines. Please consult with SMC regarding other types of applications.

Seal material: The durability of EPDM with respect to mineral oils is inferior, making it unsuitable for piping in general pneumatic equipment.

Use Series KPQ and KPG for piping to general pneumatic equipment.

#### **Maintenance**

### 

1. Pre-maintenance inspection

When the product is to be removed, turn off the electric power, and be sure to cut off the supply pressure and confirm that fluid in the piping has been discharged.

2. Post maintenance inspection

After remounting and connection of piping, restore the fluid and electric power, and perform suitable function and leak tests. If leakage occurs or the equipment does not operate properly, stop operation immediately and confirm whether it is mounted correctly.

- 3. Tightening of blow fittings (resin taper threads for piping) Since Series KP taper threads are made of resin, minute leakage may gradually occur due to stress relaxation. Perform periodic inspections, and if leakage is detected correct the problem by further tightening. If additional tightening becomes ineffective, replace the fitting with a new product.
- 4. Check for the following during regular maintenance, and replace components as necessary.
  - a) Scratches, gouges, abrasion, corrosion
  - b) Leakage, refer to item 3 regarding taper thread leakage.
  - c) Twisting, flattening or distortion of tubing
  - d) Hardening, deterioration or softness of tubing
- 5. Do not repair or patch the replaced tubing or fittings for reuse.

### Precaution on use of other tubing brands

# **♠ Caution**

1. When using tubing brands other than SMC, confirm that the tubing outside diameter tolerances satisfy the following specifications.

1) Polyolefin tubing Within ±0.1 mm 2) Polyurethane tubing Within +0.15 mm

Within -0.2 mm

3) Nylon tubing Within ±0.1 mm 4) Soft nylon tubing Within ±0.1 mm

Do not use tubing if the outside diameter tolerance is not satisfied. It may not be possible to connect the tubing, or leakage or disconnection may occur after connection.

Polyolefin tubing is recommended for use with clean room fittings. Note that while other types of tubing will satisfy performance standards for leakage and tubing pull-out strength, etc., the degree of cleanliness will deteriorate.





# Specific product precautions 3

Be sure to read before handling.

#### Selection

## **⚠** Caution

- 1. Do not use in locations where the connecting threads and tubing connection will slide or rotate. The connecting threads and tubing connection will come apart under these conditions
- 2. Use tubing at or above the minimum bending radius. Using below the minimum bending radius can cause breakage or flattening of
- 3. Please consult with SMC regarding fluids other than air, water and nitrogen gas.
- 4. In the case of liquid fluids, keep surge pressure at or below the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, this can cause damage to the fittings and tubing.

#### Handling

### **⚠** Caution

- 1. Store away from direct sunlight at 40°C or less.
- 2. Open the inner package of double packaging in a clean room or other clean environment.

#### Mounting

## **⚠** Caution

- 1. Before mounting confirm the model and size, etc. Also, confirm that there are no blemishes, nicks or cracks in the product.
- 2. When tubing is connected, consider factors such as changes in the tubing length due to pressure, and allow sufficient leeway.
- 3. Mount so that fittings and tubing are not subjected to twisting, pulling or moment loads. This can cause damage to fittings and flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.
- 4. Mount so that tubing is not damaged due to tangling and abrasion. This can cause flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.

#### Installation of threads

### Caution

Be sure to wrap sealing tape around the taper threads for both resin and metal threads.

If used without sealing tape air leakage can occur.

- 1. Series KP (with resin thread)
  - 1) Wrapping of pipe tape

Wrap the pipe tape 2 to 3 times around the threads, leaving 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.

After tightening by hand, tighten an additional 2 to 3 turns using a tightening tool.

- 2. Series KPQ/KPG (with metal thread)
  - 1) For M5

After tightening by hand, tighten approximately 1/6 turn further using a tightening tool. Excessive tightening can cause air leakage due to thread damage or deformation of the gasket, etc. Insufficient tightening can cause loose threads and air leakage,

#### Installation of threads

### **<b>∧** Caution

- 2) Taper thread
  - (1) Wrapping of pipe tape

Wrap the pipe tape 2 to 3 times around the threads, leaving 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.

(2) When installing, tighten with the proper torque shown in the table below.

As a rule, this corresponds to two or three turns with a tool after tightening by hand.

Connection thread size	Proper tightening torque N⋅m
R 1/8	7 to 9
R 1/4	12 to 14
R 3/8	22 to 24
R 1/2	28 to 30

3. Tightening tools

Tighten with an appropriate wrench using the hexagon wrench flats

Position the wrench on the base as close as possible to the threads. If the size of the wrench is not suitable for the hexagon wrench flats, the wrench flats may be crushed.

### Installation and removal of tubing

### **⚠** Caution

- 1. Installation of tubing
  - 1) Using tube cutters TK-1, 2 or 3, take a tube having no flaws on its periphery and cut it off at a right angle.

Do not use pinchers, nippers or scissors, etc. The tubing might be cut diagonally or flattened, making installation impossible or causing problems such as disconnection and leakage.

- 2) Hold the tube and push it in slowly, inserting it securely all the way into the fitting.
- 3) After inserting the tubing, pull on it lightly to confirm that it will not
  - If it is not installed securely all the way into the fitting, problems such as leakage or disconnection of the tubing can occur.
- 4) Grease is not used due to the Series KP oil-free specifications. For this reason, greater insertion force is required when tubing is installed. In particular, polyurethane tubing may fold when inserted due to its softness. Hold the end of the tubing, and insert it all the way in slowly and securely. Refer to dimension "M" in the dimension drawings for guidance on the insertion depth of tubing.
- 2. Removal of tubing
  - 1) Push in the release button sufficiently, pressing the collar evenly around its circumference.
  - 2) Pull out the tubing while holding down the release button so that it does not pop out.
    - If the release button is not pressed down sufficiently, there will be increased bite on the tubing and it will become more difficult to pull it out.
  - 3) When the removed tubing is to be used again, first cut off the section of the tubing which has been chewed.
    - Using the chewed portion of the tube as it is can cause problems such as leakage or difficulty in removing the tubing.

