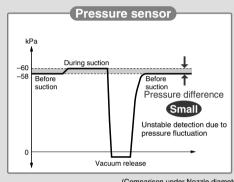
This flow sensor enables precise suction.



Flow sensor

Before suction

0.76

Before suction

Flow rate difference

Large

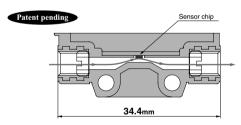
Stable detection and less detection mistakes suction

Vacuum release

(Comparison under Nozzle diameter: ø0.3, Vacuum pressure: -60 kPa)

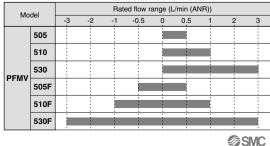
lacktriangle Repeatability: $\pm 2\%$ F.S.

The taper-shaped flow passage in front of the sensor chip enables stable sensing.



- Response speed: 5 ms or less
- Withstand pressure: 500 kPa
 - Grease-free
- RoHS compliant
- Flexible cable







) 261 Pressure Sensor

(E FU

Pressure Control

Flow Senso

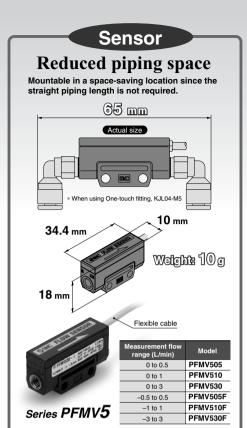
Position Detec Switch

> Reduced-wiring Fieldbus System

Static Electricity Elimination Equipm

Length Measurin

Alphabetical Index



Voltage Monitor

A full range of sensors (6 ranges) can be covered by one monitor.

No need to select the range of connected sensors (excluding external input).

Range for connected sensors must be selected in order to use the flow rate display function.



Voltage display

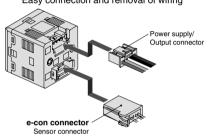
Output voltage of the sensor is displayed.

- Set voltage range: 0.7 to 5.10 V
- . Minimum unit setting: 0.01 V
- * Voltage value display and instantaneous flow rate display can be also selected.

Series PFMV3

Connectors

Easy connection and removal of wiring

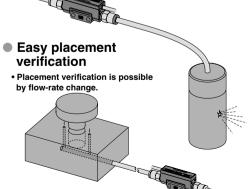


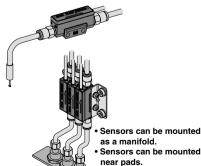
<u>Applications</u>

Suction verification of very small work pieces

- · Suction of small components can be checked.
- Highly applicable to small nozzles
- Nozzle clogging and crushing detectable.
- · Easily detects pin halls on molded parts.

Easy leak test

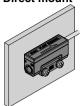




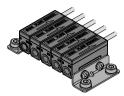
- as a manifold.
- Sensors can be mounted near pads.

Mountings

Direct mount



Manifold mount



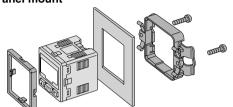
 One-side bracket mount



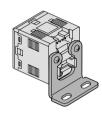
 Both-side bracket mount



Panel mount

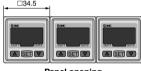


Bracket mount



Support for vertical and horizontal secure mounting

- A single panel opening is sufficient.
- Reduces panel fitting labor and enables space-savings.



Panel opening



2-Color Display Digital Flow Switch - Switch State St

CAT.ES100-63B

Related Products Variations

Integrated type	Remot	te type
I DES !		ONC PLOW IN

		_		
Measurement flow range	Model	Model		
(L/min)		Sensor unit	Monitor unit	
0.2 to 10 (0.2 to 5)	PFM710	PFM510		
0.5 to 25 (0.5 to 12.5)	PFM725	PFM525	PFM3□□	
1 to 50 (1 to 25)	PFM750	PFM550	PFW3UU	
2 to 100 (2 to 50)	PFM711	PFM511		
		•	•	

(): Fluid: CO2



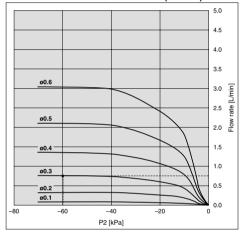
Series PFMV Model Selection

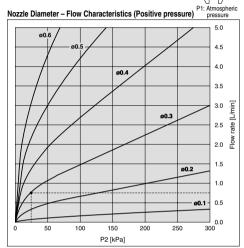
Nozzle Diameter and Flow Characteristics (Approximate values)

Use the following graphs as a reference to select sensor measuring range.

P2: Nozzle internal pressure

Nozzle Diameter - Flow Characteristics (Vacuum)



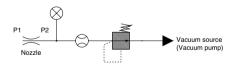


Example (Vacuum)

Selecting conditions:

Nozzle diameter: Ø0.3 P1: 0 [kPa] P2: -60 [kPa]

The flow rate will be 0.7 to 0.8 [L/min] based on the graph. \rightarrow Select the PFMV510-1.

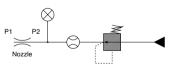


Example (Positive pressure)

Selecting conditions:

Nozzle diameter: ø0.3 P1: 0 [kPa] P2: 20 [kPa]

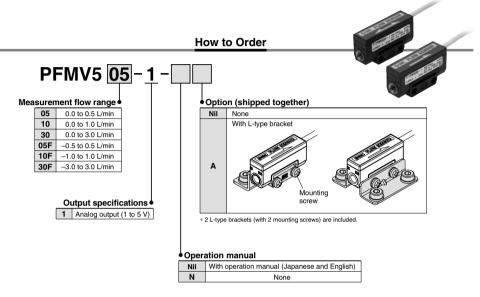
The flow rate will be 0.7 to 0.8 [L/min] based on the graph. \rightarrow Select the PFMV510-1.



Note) Since the calculated value may not meet the approximate value due to leakage and pressure loss in the piping system, please check the result by using actual equipment.



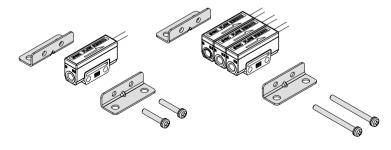




Option/Part No.

If a single option or manifold mounting are required, order sensors with the part numbers below separately.

Part no.	Stations	Note
ZS-36-A1	For 1 station (for single unit)	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 15L
ZS-36-A2	For 2 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 25L
ZS-36-A3	For 3 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 35L
ZS-36-A4	For 4 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 45L
ZS-36-A5	For 5 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 55L

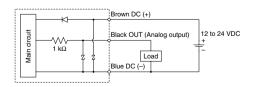


Series PFMV5

Specifications

	Model	PFMV505	PFMV510	PFMV530	PFMV505F	PFMV510F	PFMV530F
Applicable fluid			(JIS B 8392-	Dry a	uir, N ₂ 003, ISO 8573-1	1.1.2 to 1.6.2)	
Rated flow	range (Flow rate range)	0 to 0.5 L/min	0 to 1 L/min	0 to 3 L/min	-0.5 to 0.5 L/min Note 2)	-1 to 1 L/min Note 2)	-3 to 3 L/min Note 2)
Accuracy				±5% F.	S. Note 3)		
Repeatabi	lity			±2 F.S	S. Note 3)		
	characteristics erence Note 4)			±2% F.S. (0 ±5% F.S. (-			
Temperatu (25°C refer	re characteristics rence)			±2% F.S. (±5% F.S. (
Rated pres	ssure range Note 5)			−70 kPa	to 300 kPa		
Operating	pressure range Note 6)			-100 kPa	to 400 kPa		
Proof pres	sure			500	kPa		
Analog output (Non-linear output)		Voltage output: 1 to 5 V, Output impedance: Approx. 1 $k\Omega$					
Response time		5 ms or less (90% response)					
Power sup	ply voltage	12 to 24 VDC ± 10% (with polarity protection)					
Current co	nsumption	16 mA or less					
	Enclosure	IP40					
	Fluid temperature	0 to 50°C (No freezing and condensation)					
	Operating temperature range		0 to	50°C (No freezing	ng and condensat	ion)	
	Stored temperature range		−10 to	60°C (No freezing	ng and condensat	ion)	
Environ-	Operating humidity range	35 to 85% R.H. (No condensation)					
ment	Stored humidity range			35 to 85% R.H. (No condensation)		
	Withstand voltage		1000 VAC	for 1 minute bety	veen terminals ar	nd housing	
	Insulation resistance	50 MΩ o	more (500 VDC	measured via me	gohmmeter) betw	een terminals an	d housing
	Port size		M5	x 0.8 (Tightening	torque: 1 to 1.5 N	l·m)	
	Wetted parts material	PPS, Si, Au, Stainless steel 316, C3604 (Electroless nickel plating)					
Lead wire			Vinyl	cabtire cord, 3 cor	res ø2.6, 0.15 mm	n², 2 m	
Weight				10 g (excludi	ng lead wire)		

Internal Circuits and Wiring Examples

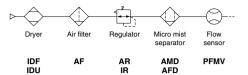


Lead Wire	Lead Wire Specifications		
Conductor	Nominal cross section area	AWG26	
Conductor	External diameter	0.58 mm	
Insulator	External diameter	0.88 mm	
insulator	Colors	Brown, Blue, Black	
Sheath	Material	Oil-resistant/Heat-resistant PVC	
Finished ex	ternal diameter	2.6	

Note 1) Volume flow converted value under standard conditions (ANR) of 20°C, 101.3 kPa and 65% RH
Note 2) Analog output indicates 3 V when the flow rate is 0. When the flow direction is from IN to OUT, the output is changed to 5 V, and when it's from OUT to IN, the output is changed to 1 V.
Note 3) The unit % F.S. is based on the full scale of analog 4 V (1-5 V).
Note 3) The unit % F.S. is based on the full scale of analog 4 V (1-5 V).
Note 4) 0 kPa indicates the atmospheric release.
Note 5) Pressure range that satisfies the product specifications
Note 6) Applicable pressure range

Recommended Pneumatic Circuits

Compressed air line



Recommended Fittings

One-touch Fitting/Series KQ2

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Male connector	connector		KQ2H04-M5
Hex. socket head male connector	4	M5 x 0.8	KQ2S04-M5
Male elbow			KQ2L04-M5

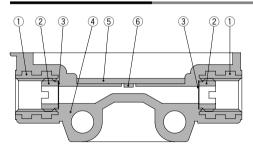
Miniature Fitting/Series M

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Doyle fitting for miden tube	4	M5 x 0.8	M-5AN-4
Barb fitting for nylon tube	6		M-5AN-6

One-touch Mini/Series KJ

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Male connector			KJH04-M5
Hex. socket head male connector	4	M5 x 0.8	KJS04-M5
Male elbow			KJL04-M5

Wetted Parts Construction



Component Parts

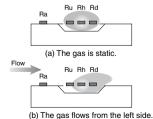
No.	Description	Material
1	Fitting for piping	C3604 (Electroless nickel plating)
2	Mesh holding screw	C3604 (Electroless flicker plating)
3	Mesh	Stainless steel 316
4	Body	PPS
5	Print circuit board	GE4F
6	Sensor chip	Si, Au

Detection Principle

This MEMS sensor chip consists of upstream temperature measuring sensor (Ru) and downstream temperature measuring sensor (Rd), which are placed symmetrically from the center of a platinum thin film coated heater (Rh) mounted on a membrane, and an ambient temperature sensor (Ra) for measuring gas temperature.

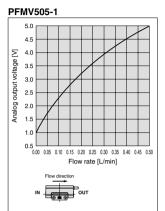
The principle is shown as the diagram on the right. (a) When the gas is static, the temperature distribution of heated gas centered around Rh is uniform, and Ru and Rd have the same resistance. (b) When the gas flows from the left side, it upsets the balance of the temperature distribution of heated gas, and the resistance of Rd becomes greater than that of Ru.

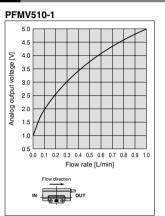
The difference in resistance between Ru and Rd is proportional to the flow velocity, so measurement and analysis of the resistance can show the flow direction and velocity of the gas. Ra is used to compensate the gas and/or ambient temperature.

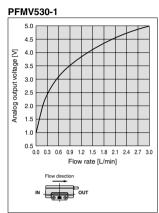


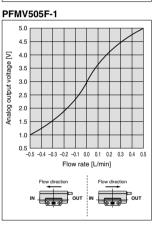
Series PFMV5

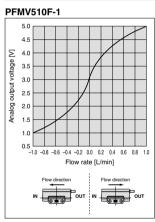
Analog Output (Non-linear output)

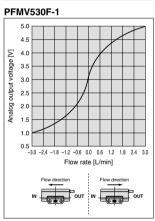




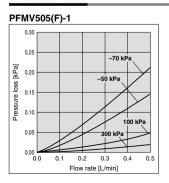


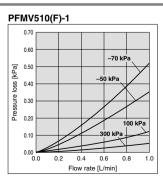


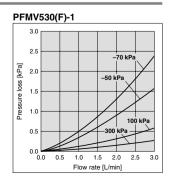




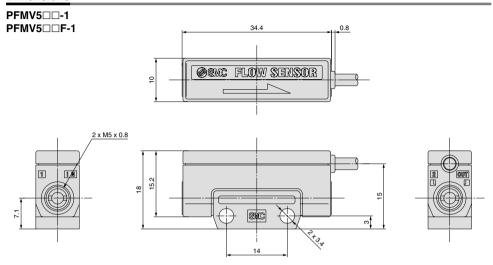
Pressure Loss



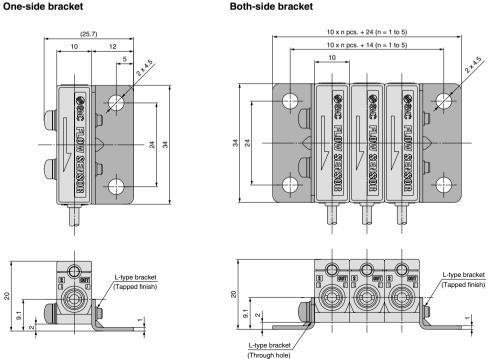




Dimensions



One-side bracket



The dimensions show the PFMV5□□-1. The PFMV5□□F-1 has the same dimensions.



Voltage Monitor for PFMV5 Series PFMV3 RoHS







How to Order

Output specifications

	2 NPN outputs + 1 to 5 V output
1	2 NPN outputs + 4 to 20 mA output
2	2 NPN outputs + Auto-shift input
3	2 PNP outputs + 1 to 5 V output
4	2 PNP outputs + 4 to 20 mA output
5	2 PNP outpute + Auto-chift input

Note) Auto-shift, Auto-shift zero can be selacted

Operation manual

Nil	With operation manual (Japanese and English)	
N	None	

Calibration certificate None Nil

A With calibration certificate Note 1) The certificate is written in both English and Japanese, Please consult with us for other lan-

quages. Note 2) Only the voltage monitor will be calibrated. Calibration will not be made to the flow rate display

> Mounting screw (M3 x 8 L)



PFMV300

Applicable remote Symbol Content type sensor unit

Voltage input PFMV5□(F)-1-□□

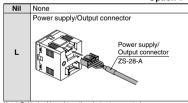
Unit specifications

Instantaneous flow rate: L/min

Nil	With unit switch function Note 1)
M	Fixed SI unit Note 2)

Note 1) Under the new Measurement Act, devices with unit switching functions cannot be used inside Japan. Note 2) Fixed unit Voltage: V

Option 1



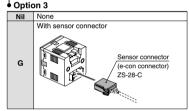
Note) Cable is shipped together, but not connected.

The PFMV3 series is a monitor that displays the output voltage of the PFMV5 series.

* Voltage value display and instantaneous flow rate display can be selected.

Option/Part No.

Description	Part no.	Note
Power supply/Output connector (2 m)	ZS-28-A	
Bracket	ZS-28-B	With M3 x 5 L (2 pcs.)
Sensor connector	ZS-28-C	1 pc.
Panel mount adapter	ZS-27-C	With M3 x 8 L (2 pcs.)
Panel mount adapter + Front protective cover	ZS-27-D	With M3 x 8 L (2 pcs.)



Note) Connector is shipped together, but not connected.

Option 2			
Nil	None		
E	Bracket M3 x 5 L Bracket		
В	Panel mount adapter Panel Mounting screw (M3 x 8 L)		
D	Panel mount adapter + Front protective cover Panel Front protective cover		

Note) Options are shipped together, but not assembled.

Panel mount adapter

Specifications

	Model	Series PFMV3□□					
Applica	able sensor	PFMV505	PFMV510	PFMV530	PFMV505F	PFMV510F	PFMV530F
	Rated range	0 to 0.5 L/min	0 to 1 L/min	0 to 3 L/min	-0.5 to 0.5 L/min	-1 to 1 L/min	-3 to 3 L/min
Flow	Displayable range	-0.025 to 0.525 L/min	-0.05 to 1.05 L/min	-0.15 to 3.15 L/min	-0.525 to 0.525 L/min	-1.05 to 1.05 L/min	-3.15 to 3.15 L/min
rate	Settable range	-0.025 to 0.525 L/min	-0.05 to 1.05 L/min	-0.15 to 3.15 L/min	-0.525 to 0.525 L/min	-1.05 to 1.05 L/min	-3.15 to 3.15 L/min
	Minimum unit setting	0.001 L/min	0.01	L/min	0.001 L/min	0.01 L	_/min
	Rated range	1.00 to 5.00 V					
Voltage	Display voltage range	0.70 to 5.10 V: Voltages below 0.7 V displayed as "LLL", voltages above 5.10 V displayed as "HHH".					
voitage	Set voltage range	0.70 to 5.10 V					
	Minimum unit setting		0.01 V				
Indica	Indication unit Note 1) Voltage: V Instantaneous flow rate: L/min, CFH (ft³/h)						
Powe	er supply voltage		12 to 24 VDC (±10%) (with polarity protection)				
Current consumption 50 mA or less							
Hysteresis Mode 2) Hysteresis mode: Variable, Window comparator mode: Variable							
Switcl	NPN or PNP open collector output: 2 outputs itch output Max. load current: 80 mA, Max. load voltage 30 VDC (at NPN output), Residual voltage 1 V or less (at load current 80 mA), With short-circuit protection			n			
Respo	onse time	Switch output: 2 ms (10 ms, 50 ms, 0.5 s, 1 s can be selected.) Note 3)					
Repea	ntability Note 4)	±0.1% F.S., Analog output accuracy: ±0.3% F.S.					
Analo	g output	Voltage output: 1 to 5 VDC, Output impedance: Approx. 1 k Ω Current output: 4 to 20 mA DC, Max. load impedance: 600 Ω (at 24 VDC) Min. load impedance: 50 Ω , Accuracy: \pm 1% F.S. (relative to display value), Response: 0.1 s (90% response or less)					
Displa	y accuracy Note 4)	±0.5% F.S. ± 1 digit					
Displa	y method	3+1/2-digit, 7-segment LED 2-color display (Red/Green) Updated cycle: 10 times/sec			s/sec		
Status	LED's	OUT1: Lights up when output is turned ON (Green). OUT2: Lights up when output is turned ON (Red).			d ON (Red).		
External in	nput (Auto-shift input) Note 5)	No-voltage input (Reed or Solid state), LOW level input 5 msec or more, LOW level 0.4 V or less					
Enclos	sure	IP40					
Operation	ng temperature range	Operating: 0 to 50°C Stored: -10 to 60°C (No freezing and condensation)					
Operat	ing humidity range	Operating, Stored: 35 to 85% R.H. (No condensation)					
Withst	and voltage	1000 VAC for 1 minute between terminals and housing					
Insulat	tion resistance	$50~\text{M}\Omega$ or more (500 VDC measured via megohmmeter) between terminals and housing					
Temper	ature characteristics	±0.5% F.S. or less (25°C reference)					
Conne	ction	Power supply/Output connection: 5P connector, Sensor connection: 4P connector					
Connection		(For cable specifications, refer to page 275.)					
Materi	al	Front case, Rear case: PBT					
Weigh	t	30 g (without cable) 85 g (with cable)					
Moto 1) M	te 1) When equipped with a unit switching function. (The SI unit (L/min or V) is fixed for types with no unit switching function.)						

Note 1) When equipped with a unit switching function. (The SI unit (L/min or V) is fixed for types with no unit switching function.)

Note 2) Set to hysteresis mode at the time of shipment from the factory. Can be changed to window comparator mode using push-buttons.

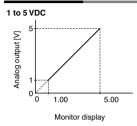
Note 3) This is the response when the setting value is set to 90% to a 0 to 100% of step input.

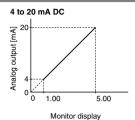
Note 4) When the flow rate display function is selected, the repeatability and display accuracy should be exactly like the graph on page 272.

Note 5) Auto-shift function is turned OFF at the time of shipment from the factory. Use it after auto-shift function is turned ON using push-buttons.

Series PFMV3

Analog Output

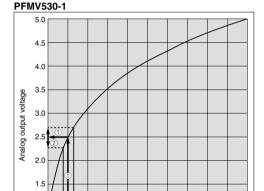




Display Accuracy and Repeatability when Combined with PFMV5.

2.1 2.4

2.7 3.0



1.2 1.5 1.8 Flow rate [L/min] When the flow rate display function for the PFMV3 series is selected, calculate the repeatability from the analog output characteristics graph (page 268).

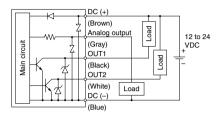
Example) For PFMV530-1 (0 to 0.3 L/min)

- ① When the actual flow rate is 0.3 L/min, the PFMV530-1 outputs approximately 2.5 V of analog voltage (Arrow ① in the graph on the left).
- ② The PFMV5 series has a repeatability of ±2% F.S. (±80 mV) (Arrow ②) in the graph on the left).
- ③ When this accuracy is converted to a flow rate, it becomes approximately ±3% F.S. (±0.09 L/min), and this width becomes the repeatability when the flow rate is displayed (arrow ③, and the width of △ Q, in the graph on the left).

The flow rate display accuracy can be also calculated from the PFMV5 series accuracy (±5% F.S.).

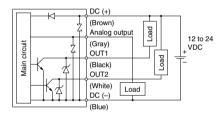
1.0

0.3 0.6 0.9



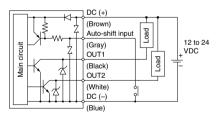
PFMV301

NPN open collector output: 2 outputs Analog output: 4 to 20 mA



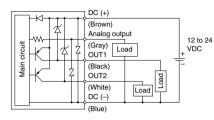
PFMV302

NPN open collector output with auto-shift input: 2 outputs



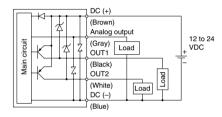
PFMV303

PNP open collector output: 2 outputs Analog output: 1 to 5 V



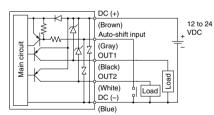
PFMV304

PNP open collector output: 2 outputs Analog output: 4 to 20 mA



PFMV305

PNP open collector output with auto-shift input: 2 outputs



Descriptions

LCD Display

Shows the current voltage, mode setting, and error code. Four display modes are available, some of which use indications that are fixed either red or green, and others use indications that change from green to red.

Output (OUT1) Indicator (Green)

Lights when the output (OUT1) is turned on.

∧ Button

Used for mode selection and increasing the ON/OFF setting value. Also used to switch to peak display mode.



Output (OUT2) Indicator (Red)

Lights when the output (OUT2) is turned on.

SET Button

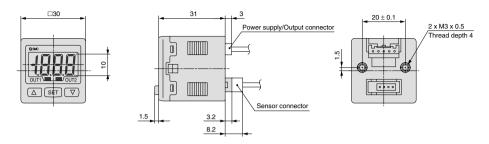
Used to activate mode changes and new setting values.

▽ Button

Used for mode selection and decreasing the on/off setting value. Also used to switch to bottom display mode.

Series PFMV3

Dimensions

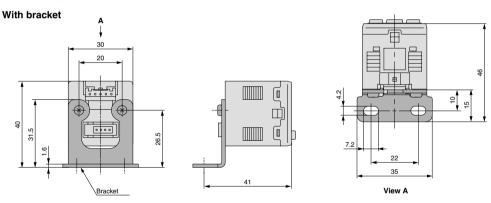


Sensor connector (ZS-28-C)

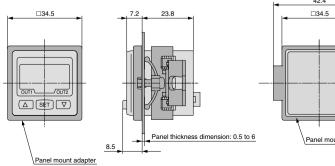
Pin no.	Terminal name
1	DC (+)
2	N.C.
3	DC (-)
4	IN



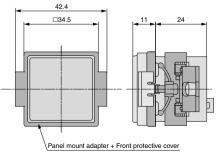
* 1 to 5 V (Sensor output)



With panel mount adapter

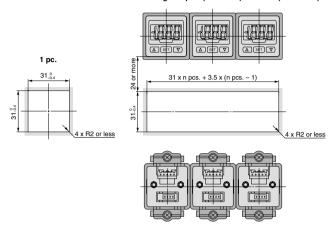


With panel mount adapter + Front protective cover

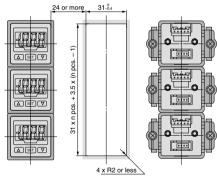


Panel fitting dimensions

Secure mounting of n pcs. (2 or more) switches (Horizontal)

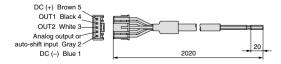


Secure mounting of n pcs. (2 or more) switches (Vertical)



Note) If a bend (R) is used, limit it to R2 or less.

Power supply/Output connector (ZS-28-A)



Cable Specifications

Con- ductor	Nominal cross section area	0.2 mm ²
	External diameter	0.58 mm
Insula- tor	External diameter	Approx. 1.12 mm
	Colors	Brown, Black, White, Gray, Blue
Sheath	Material	Oil-resistant PVC
Finished external diameter		ø4.1



Series PFMV3 Function Details

■ Output operation

The output operation can be selected from the following: Output (hysteresis mode and window comparator mode) corresponding to receiving voltage

At the time of shipment from the factory, it is set to hysteresis mode and reverse output.

■ Displayed values

The monitor receives the output voltage of the connected sensor and displays the received voltage. The unit is [V] and the voltage is displayed at 0.01 V intervals.

However, the voltage under 0.70 V is displayed as "LLL" and that of 5.1 V or more is displayed as "HHH".

Since the voltage is displayed on the monitor, it doesn't rely on the sensor range.

■ Indication color

The indication color can be selected for each output condition. The selection of the indication color provides visual identification of abnormal values. (The indication color depends on OUT1 setting.)

Green for ON, Red for OFF		
Red for ON, Green for OFF		
Red all the time		
Green all the time		

■ Setting of response time

The flow rate may change momentarily during transition between ON (open) and OFF (closed) of the valve. It can be set so that this momentary change is not detected.

2 ms
10 ms
50 ms
0.5 s
1.0

■ External input function

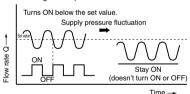
Auto-shift

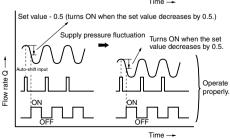
If the supply pressure of the air source fluctuates, the flow rate of vacuum generators such as an ejector also fluctuates. In that case, the switch may not operate properly when checking suction. Auto-shift is a function that corrects this fluctuation.

This function sends the output corresponding to the relative change based on the flow rate when the auto shift signal is input. Set value = 0.50: The switch turns ON and OFF when the set value increases by 0.5 V from the reference value.

Set value = -0.50: The switch turns ON and OFF when the set value decreases by 0.5 V from the reference value. The reference value shows the voltage (= flow rate) when the

The reference value shows the voltage (= flow rate) when the auto-shift signal is input.





Auto-shift zero

A function that displays the instantaneous flow rate as zero when the above auto-shift signal is input.

■ Auto-preset function

This is a function that calculates the set value automatically. When predetermined operation is conducted while the sensor is connected, the set value is calculated and decided automatically by changing the flow rate. (Fine adjustment is available.)

■ Selection of power-saving mode

The power-saving mode can be selected.

With this function, if no buttons are pressed for 30 sec., it shifts to power-saving mode.

At the time of shipment from the factory, the product is set to the normal mode (the power-saving mode is turned off).

(When power-saving mode is activated, the decimal point flashes.)

■ Setting of secret code

The user can select whether a secret code must be entered to release key lock.

At the time of shipment from the factory, it is set such that the secret code is not required.

■ Peak/Bottom value indication

The maximum (minimum) voltage is detected and updated from when the power supply is turned on. In peak (bottom) value indication mode, this maximum (minimum) voltage is displayed.

■ Keylock function

Prevents operation errors such as accidentally changing setting values.

■ Error indication function

When an error or abnormality arises, the location and contents are displayed.

Description	Contents	Action
Input voltage error	The voltage outside the applicable indication range is input.	Check the input voltage.
System error	Possibility of internal circuit damage before factory adjustment.	Stop operation immediately and contact SMC.
	System error. Possibility of data memorizing failure or internal circuit damage.	Reset the unit, and carry out all settings again.

If the failure cannot be solved after the above instructions are performed, please contact SMC for investigation.

■ Reference value correcting function

If the displayed value doesn't become 1.00 due to the difference of the analog output of the connected sensors PFMV505, 510 and 530, the reference value will compulsively be set to 1.00.

When sensors PFMV505F, 510F and 530F are connected, the reference value will compulsively be set to 3.00.

Press the \triangle and $\overline{\mathbf{y}}$ buttons simultaneously for 1 second or more when the flow rate is zero (The display flashes when successfully corrected).

The effective range of the correcting function is from 1.00 \pm 0.2 V or 3.00 \pm 0.2 V. If the monitor is operated outside this range, it displays "Er4" and the reference value won't be corrected. Be sure to operate the monitor when the flow rate is zero.

When the PFM505 is used and the flow rate is applied, please pay attention to the following point. If this correcting function is applied around 3.00 V, the reference value will be changed and the function won't work properly. If the monitor is improperly operated, return the flow rate to zero and operate the monitor again. And when the flow rate display is selected, the effective range of the correcting function is ±2% F.S. of the flow rate range.

■ Display Mode

Select whether to display the voltage or the instantaneous flow rate. The displayed flow rate value is for the standard condition (ANR), of 20°C, 1 α tm, and 65% R.H.



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Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

■ Flow Sensor

Design and Selection

⚠ Warning

Operate the sensor only within the specified voltage.

Use of the sensor outside of the specified voltage range can cause not only a malfunction and damage to the sensor, but it can also cause electrocution and fire.

2. Be sure to verify the applicable fluid.

The sensors do not have an explosion proof rating. To prevent possible fire hazard, do not use with flammable gases or fluids.

Use the sensor within the specified flow rate measurement and operating pressure.

Operating beyond the specified flow rate and operating pressure can damage the sensor.

- 4. Never use flammable fluids and/or permeable fluids.
 - They may cause a fire, an explosion or corrosion.
 - Refer to the MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) when using chemicals.
- Be sure to use the sensor within the specified ambient and fluid temperatures.

If the ambient or fluid temperatures exceed the specified range, it may damage the sensor.

Even if they are in the specified range, do not use it in a place where condensation occurs in the piping.

- 6. To prevent damage due to failure and/or malfunction of the product, establish a backup system such as a fail-safe system which enables multiple-stage type operation of the equipment and machinery.
- 7. When the product is for an interlock circuit, the following points should be noted.
 - Provide double interlocking through another system (mechanical protection function, etc.).
 - Perform checks to ensure the product is operating properly, as there is a risk of injury.

⚠ Caution

- Ensure sufficient space for maintenance activities.
 Provide space required for maintenance.
- 2. Use the following UL approved products for DC power supply combinations.
 - (1) Limited voltage current circuit in accordance with UL 508.

 A circuit in which power is supplied by the secondary coil of a
 - · Maximum voltage (with no load):
 - 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less
 - Maximum current:
 - (1) 8 A or less (including when short circuited)

transformer that meets the following conditions.

(2) limited by circuit protector (such as fuse) with the following ratings.

	No load voltage (V peak)	Max. current rating
	0 to 20 [V]	5.0
Over 20 and 30 or less[V]	000 1.00 1 10.0	100
	Peak voltage	

(2) A circuit (class 2 circuit) with maximum 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less, and a power supply consisting of a class 2 power supply unit confirming to UL1310, or a class 2 transformer confirming to UL1585.

⚠ Caution

- 3. When the sensor is used for suction verification
 - When the sensor is used to check the suction, select the flow rate range based on the operating vacuum pressure and suction nozzle diameter.
- Refer to page 264, "Nozzle Diameter and Flow Characteristics."
- 4. Pay attention to the response speed.

When the sensor is used to check the suction, the response speed of the sensor might be delayed due to the piping volume between the suction nozzle and sensor. Therefore, take measures to reduce the piping volume.

5. The analog output may fluctuate by 2 to 3% for 5 minutes after the power is supplied.

Mounting

1. Monitor the flow direction of the fluid.

Install and connect piping so that fluid flows in the direction of the arrow indicated on the body.

- Remove dirt and dust from inside of the piping before attaching to the sensor.
- 3. Observe the proper tightening torque.

When the sensor is tightened beyond the specified tightening torque, the sensor may be damaged.

Tightening torque for mounting part (Direct mount, Bracket mount): $0.32 \pm 0.02 \ N \cdot m$

Tightening torque for fitting part: 1 to 1.5 N·m

Do not mount the sensor in a place that will be used as a scaffold.

The sensor could break if subjected to excessive load such as being accidentally stepped on.

5. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump, or apply excessive impacts while handling. Although the external body of a sensor (sensor case) may not be damaged, the sensor inside could be damaged and cause a malfunction

Hold the body of the sensor when handling.

The tensile strength of the cord is 49 N and applying a greater pulling force than this can cause a malfunction. When handling, hold the body of the sensor.

Do not use until you can verify that equipment can operate properly.

Following mounting, repair, or retrofit, verify correct mounting by conducting suitable function and leakage tests after piping and power connections have been made.



Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Mounting

⚠ Caution

8. Apply a wrench only to the designated part when installing the flow sensor in the system piping.



When sensors are mounted as a manifold, pay attention to the dimensions of the connected fittings.

If the dimensions of the fittings are larger than those of sensors, they will be interfered with each other and the sensors cannot be mounted properly.

Wiring

 Verify the color and the terminal number when wiring.

Incorrect wiring can cause the sensor to be damaged and malfunction. Verify the color and the terminal number in the operation manual when wiring.

Use caution not to repeatedly apply excessive bending or stretching forces to the lead wire.

Repeated pulling or bending of the lead wire may cause some of the wires to break.

3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Make sure that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a sensor.

Do not connect wiring while energizing the product.

The sensor and any equipment connected to it could break and malfunction.

Operating Environment

⚠ Warning

1. Never use in the presence of explosive gases.

The sensor does not have an explosion proof construction. If it is used in an environment where explosive gases are used, it may cause an explosive disaster. Therefore, never use it in such an environment.

2. Mount the sensor in a location where there is no vibration or no impact.

The sensor output may change because the sensor and connecting piping move.

3. Fix the sensor and connecting piping.

The sensor output may change because the sensor and connected piping move.

Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

When there are units that generate a large amount of surge in the area around a sensor, (e.g., solenoid type lifters, high frequency induction furnaces, motors, etc.) this may cause deterioration or damage to the sensor's internal circuitry. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

Sensors are not equipped with surge protection against lightning.

The flow sensors are CE compliant; however, they are not equipped with surge protection against lightning. Lightning surge protection measures should be applied directly to system components as necessary.

Avoid using the sensor in an environment where the likelihood of splashing or spraying of liquids exists.

The sensor is an open type and should not be used in an environment exposed to splashing of water and oil.

Do not use the product in an environment subject to a temperature cycle.

If the product is subject to a temperature cycle other than natural changes in air temperature, the internal components of the sensor could be adversely affected.

Do not mount the product in locations where it is exposed to radiant heat.

This could result in damage and/or malfunction.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Maintenance

⚠ Warning

 Perform periodical inspections to ensure proper operation of the sensor.

Unexpected malfunctions may cause possible danger.

Take precautions when using the sensor for an interlock circuit.

When a sensor is used for the interlock circuit, devise a multiple interlock system to prevent trouble or malfunction, and verify the operation of the sensor and interlock function on a regular basis

Do not make any modifications (including exchanging the printed circuit boards) to the product.

It may cause human injuries and damage.

- When maintenance work is performed, the following points should be noted.
 - · Turn off the power supply.
 - Cut off the fluid supply, drain the fluid from the piping and ensure the fluid is released to atmosphere before carrying out maintenance. Otherwise, it could cause injury.

⚠ Caution

 Do not wipe the product with chemicals such as benzene or thinner.

Such chemicals could damage the product.

Do not poke the inside of the piping port with a stick.

The rectifier could break, making the product unable to sustain the desired performance.

3. Do not touch terminals when energizing the product.

It could cause electric shock, malfunction, or damage to the sensor.

Fluid

⚠ Warning

 Check regulators and flow adjustment valves before introducing the fluid.

If pressure or flow rate beyond the specified range are applied to the sensor, the sensor unit may be damaged.

- Install a filter on the inlet side when there is a possibility of foreign matter being mixed with the fluid.
- the fluid.

 3. Use dry air of quality compliant with JIS B 8392-1 1.1.2 to 1.6.2: 2003, ISO 8573-1 1.1.2 to

1.6.2: 2001 for this product.

If any mist or drainage present in the air attaches to the product, the sensor could be damaged or accurate measurement could be prevented.



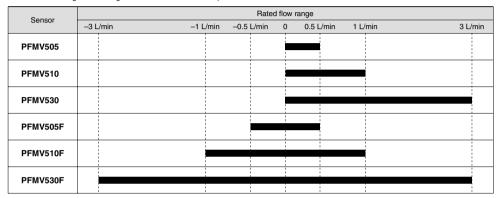
Be sure to read this before handling.
Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Rated Flow Range

⚠ Caution

Set the flow rate within the rated flow range.

The rated flow range is the range that satisfies the sensor specifications.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

■ Flow Monitor

Design and Selection

⚠ Warning

1. Operate the switch only within the specified voltage.

Use of the switch outside of the specified voltage range can cause not only a malfunction and damage to the switch, but it can also cause electrocution and fire.

Do not exceed the maximum allowable load specification.

A load exceeding the maximum load specification can cause damage to the switch.

Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.

Although surge protection is installed in the circuit at the output side of the switch, damage may still occur if a surge is applied repeatedly. When working directly such an unit as relay, solenoid valve, etc., which generates surge, use a built-in surge absorbing element type.

4. Monitor the internal voltage drop of a switch.

When operating below the specified voltage, it is possible that a load may be ineffective, even though the pressure switch function is normal. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the voltage of the load.

Supply _ Internal voltage > Minimum operating voltage drop of switch voltage of load

- 5. To prevent damage due to failure and/or malfunction of the product, establish a backup system such as a fail-safe system which enables multiple-stage type operation of the equipment and machinery.
- 6. When the product is for an interlock circuit, the following points should be noted.
 - Provide double interlocking through another system (mechanical protection function, etc.).
 - Perform checks to ensure the product is operating properly, as there is a risk of injury.

- Ensure sufficient space for maintenance activities.
 Provide space required for maintenance.
- 2. Use the following UL approved products for DC power supply combinations.
 - Limited voltage current circuit in accordance with UL 508.
 A circuit in which power is supplied by the secondary coil of a transformer that meets the following conditions.
 - · Maximum voltage (with no load):
 - 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less
 - Maximum current:
 - (1) 8 A or less (including when short circuited)
 - (2) limited by circuit protector (such as fuse) with the following ratings.

(2) A circuit (class 2 circuit) with maximum 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less, and a power supply consisting of a class 2 power supply unit confirming to UL1310, or a class 2 transformer confirming to UL1585.

⚠ Caution

Data of the switch are stored even after the power supply is turned off.

Input data is stored in an EEPROM so that the data will not be lost after the flow switch is turned off. (The data can be rewritten for up to one million times, and stored for up to 20 years.)

Mounting

⚠ Warning

Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump, or apply excessive impacts (490 m/s²) while handling. Although the external body of a switch (switch case) may not be damaged, the switch inside could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

2. Do not use until you can verify that equipment can operate properly.

Following mounting, repair, or retrofit, verify correct mounting by conducting suitable function and leakage tests after piping and power connections have been made.

Never mount the switch in a place that will be used as a scaffold during piping.

⚠ Caution

 Do not mount the switch in a place that will be used as a scaffold.

The switch could break if subjected to excessive load such as being accidentally stepped on.

Wiring

⚠ Warning

 Verify the color and the terminal number when wiring.

Incorrect wiring can cause the switch to be damaged and malfunction. Verify the color and the terminal number in the operation manual when wiring.

Use caution not to repeatedly apply bending or stretching forces to the lead wire.

Repeated pulling or bending of the lead wire may cause some of the wires to break.

3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Make sure that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.

 Do not wire in conjunction with power lines or high voltage lines.

Wire separately from power lines and high voltage lines, and avoid wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits, including switches, may malfunction due to noise from these lines



Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back page 1 for Safety Instructions and "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Wiring

⚠ Warning

5. Do not short-circuit a load.

Although the switch displays an overcurrent error if a load is short-circuited, there is not protection against incorrect wiring (power source polarity, etc.). Use caution to avoid wiring incorrectiv.

6. Do not connect wiring while energizing the product.

The switch and any equipment connected to it could break and malfunction.

Operating Environment

1. Never use in the presence of explosive gases.

The switch does not have an explosion proof construction. If it is used in an environment where explosive gases are used, it may cause an explosive disaster. Therefore, never use it in such an environment.

- Mount the switch in a location where there is no vibration greater than 98 m/s², or no impact greater than 490 m/s².
- Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

When there are units that generate a large amount of surge in the area around a pressure switch, (e.g., solenoid type lifters, high frequency induction furnaces, motors, etc.) this may cause deterioration or damage to the switch's internal circuitry. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

4. Switches are not equipped with surge protection against lightning.

The flow switches are CE compliant; however, they are not equipped with surge protection against lightning. Lightning surge protection measures should be applied directly to system components as necessary.

Avoid using the switch in an environment where the likelihood of splashing or spraying of liquids exists.

The switch is an open type and should not be used in an environment exposed to splashing of water and oil.

Do not use the product in an environment subject to a temperature cycle.

If the product is subject to a temperature cycle other than natural changes in air temperature, the internal components of the switch could be adversely affected.

7. Do not mount the product in locations where it is exposed to radiant heat.

This could result in damage and/or malfunction.

Maintenance

⚠ Warning

 Perform periodical inspections to ensure proper operation of the switch.

Unexpected malfunctions may cause possible danger.

Take precautions when using the switch for an interlock circuit.

When a pressure switch is used for the interlock circuit, devise a multiple interlock system to prevent trouble or malfunction, and verify the operation of the switch and interlock function on a regular basis.

Do not make any modifications (including exchanging the printed circuit boards) to the product.

It may cause human injuries and damage.

- When maintenance work is performed, the following points should be noted.
 - Turn off the power supply.

 Do not wipe the product with chemicals such as benzene or thinner.

Such chemicals could damage the product.

Do not touch terminals or connectors when energizing the product.

It could cause electric shock, malfunction, or damage to the switch.

Others

- After the power is turned on, the switch's output remains off while a message is displayed.
 Therefore, start the measurement after a value is displayed.
- 2. Perform settings after stopping control systems

Operation reflects the new values when settings are made. However, if the power is turned OFF in that state, the settings return to the values before the change when the power is turned ON again. Make sure to press the S button to save any setting changes before turning OFF the power.





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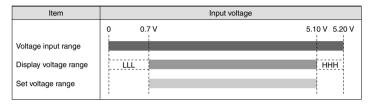
Settable Range and Voltage Input Range

⚠ Caution

The settable rate range is the range that can be set in the switch.

The inputtable range is the range that satisfies the switch specifications (accuracy, linearity, etc.).

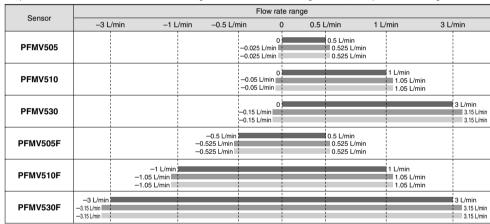
It is possible to set a value outside of the inputtable range if it is within the settable range, however, the specification is not guaranteed.



The settable rate range is the flow range that can be set in the switch.

The rated flow range is the flow rate range that satisfies the switch specifications (accuracy, linearity, etc.).

It is possible to set a value outside of the rated flow range if it is within the settable range, however, the specification is not guaranteed.



The values shown on the graph are the displayed flow rate range and set flow rate range when Series PFMV5 and Series PFMV3 are connected.

Rated flow range
Displayable flow range
Settable range